Circumnuclear Star Formation and Feedback in the BAT AGN

Krista Lynne Smith

EWASS, July 5, 2016 Richard Mushotzky, Stuart Vogel, Neal Miller, Taro Shimizu

- What is the detection fraction of radio emission in the radio-quiet BAT AGN?
- Does the FIR-Radio correlation hold for star formation near the nucleus?
- Why do the BAT AGN tend to lie below the main sequence of star formation?

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High resolution (1", 70 – 800 pc) JVLA 22 GHz imaging of 70 radio-quiet BAT AGN

Extension / Rings
Jets
Compact

Image: Strate of the strat

All of our Seyferts observed had compact radio cores at 22 GHz!

FIR-Radio Correlation: decomposing AGN and SF Components

Infrared: *Herschel* SED decomposition (T. Shimizu et al. 2015)



Radio: Spatial decomposition into core and extended star formation



FIR-Radio Correlation: decomposing AGN and SF Components

Star-forming objects lie on the relation after AGN core removal!



Predicted 22 GHz Flux from FIR (mJy)

Why is star formation suppressed in the BAT AGN?

$I_{10^{2}}^{0} = I_{10^{1}}^{0} = I_{1$

High resolution morphologies clarify the situation!



T. T. Shimizu et al., 2015

KL Smith +, in prep

All hard X-ray selected Seyferts have radio cores at 22 GHz.

FIR-Radio correlation confirmed for circumnuclear star formation in hard X-ray selected AGN.

Only core- or jet-dominated objects have suppressed star formation.