Transonic structure of slowly rotating accretion flows in galaxy centers

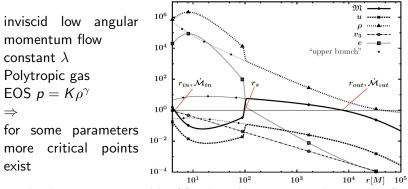
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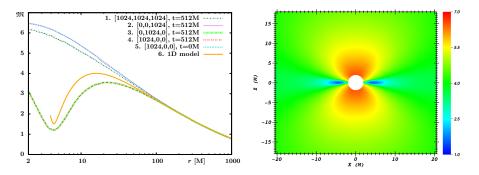
Model & Physical setup

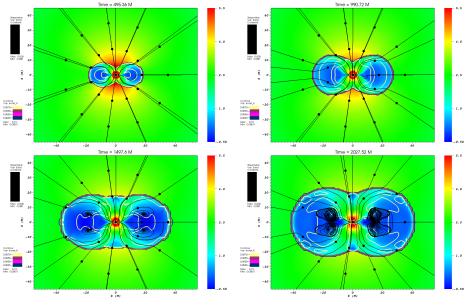
- Study of slowly rotating accretion flows important for low luminous AGNs or the advective component in microquasars
- Analytical study pseudo-Newtonian 1D quasispherical flow



 \Rightarrow shock existence possible if Rankine-Hugoniot conditions satisfied

- 3D GR simulations of low angular momentum flows
- Einstein toolkit software package, GRHydro thorn
- Carpet, fixed mesh refinement 8 levels of refinements
- Ideal gas, EOS ${\it p}=(\gamma-1)
 hoarepsilon$
- Qualitative agreement with analytical results for the outer branch (solution without shock starting from Bondi + $u_{BL}^{\phi} = \frac{\lambda}{r^2} \sin^2 \theta$ converges to state close to the outer branch)





Initial conditions according to 1D shock solution with $\lambda_0 = 3.52M$, $\mathcal{E} = 0.0025$, $\gamma = 4/3 \rightarrow r_s = 13.97M$. Shock grows, oscillations develop.

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Astrophysics group in CFT

Studies of BH in various cosmic enviroments:

- 1. BH mergers
 - 2. Collapsars and GRB central engine 3. BH in Galaxy Center
 - 4. Microquasars

using time analysis of X-ray data, semianalytical approach and numerical hydro-simulations with relativistic MHD

More information on our web page http://www.cft.edu.pl/astrofizyka including links to papers, talks, group schedule, lectures and simulation results



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